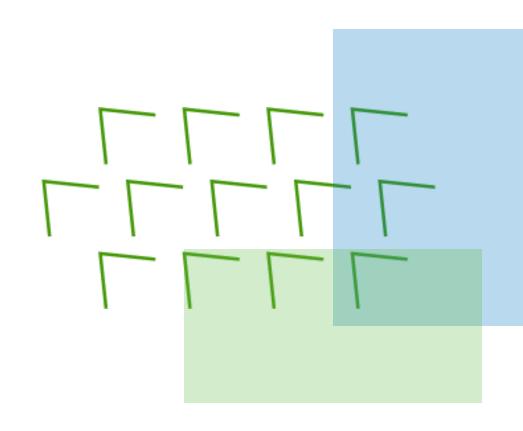




# Resilience and children with learning disabilities: Norfolk Practice Week 2025





Delivered by Cambridgeshire Community Services NHS Trust and Norfolk Community Health & Care





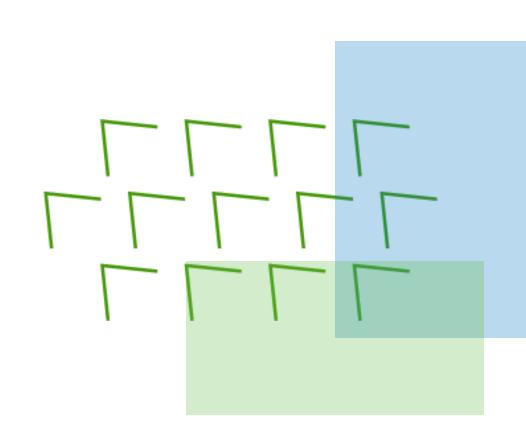
- Dr Melanie Bruce
- Clinical Psychologist and Clinical Lead
- Starfish Plus-
- Norfolk Community Health and Care NHS Trust













# Agenda/Plan



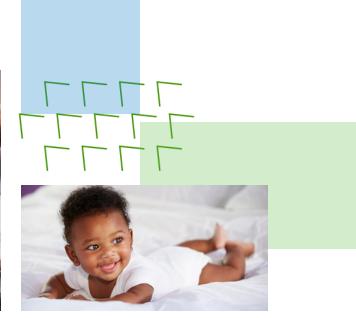
Setting the scene and style of session

Thinking about what we mean by "resilience"

Thinking about what this may mean for children with learning disabilities

Considering ways in which we can all support children and young people who have learning disabilities (and their families)











# Before we start ....



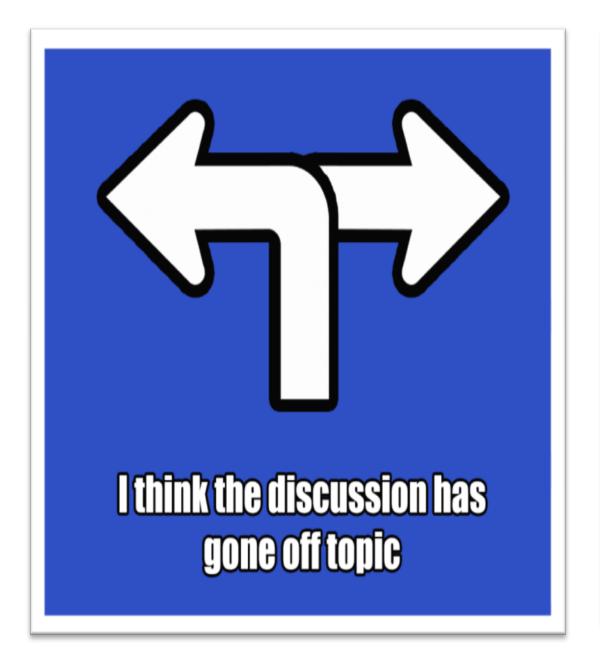
Health Services Norfolk and Waveney

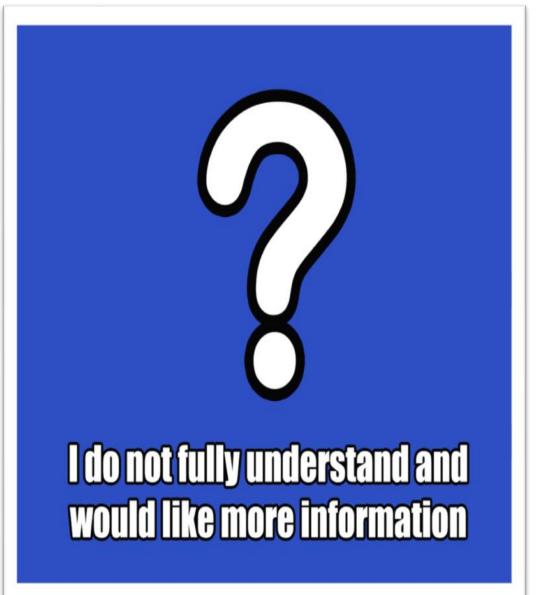




## Before we start ....











# And just one more thing.....







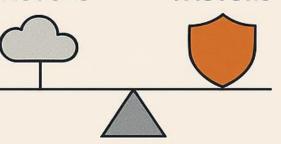
# What do we mean by resilience?



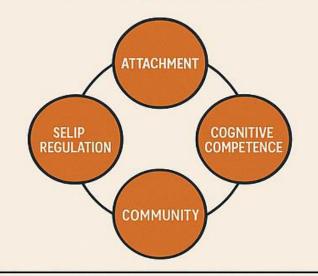
#### MODELS OF RESILIENCE IN CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE



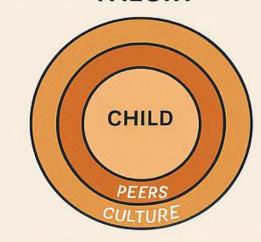
RISK FACTORS PROTECTIVE FACTORS



## DEVELOPMENTAL SYSTEMS MODEL



#### ECOLOGICAL/RELATIONAL DEVELOPMENTAL SYSTEMS THEORY



#### UNGAR'S SOCIAL-ECOLOGICAL MODEL



#### SELIGMAN'S 3 PS MODEL



## ORGANIZATIONAL FRAMEWORK

**EXTRA-FAMILIAL SUPPORT** 

**FAMILY ENVIRONMENT** 

PERSONAL PREDISPOSITIONS



#### Resilience:



- Some important areas to consider:
- 1. Individual Characteristics
- Self-regulation/emotional regulation skills: Ability to manage emotions and behaviour under stress.
- Optimism and positive outlook: Seeing challenges as temporary and manageable.
- Problem-solving skills: Confidence in finding solutions.
- Sense of purpose: Having goals and meaning in life.
- Self-efficacy: Belief in one's ability to influence outcomes.



#### Resilience:



- 2. Relationships and Social Support
- Secure attachment: Strong, supportive relationship with at least one caregiver.
- Peer support: Positive friendships that provide belonging and encouragement.
- Mentorship: Access to caring adults outside the family (teachers, coaches).
- Community connectedness: Feeling part of a safe, supportive environment.



#### Resilience:



- 3. Environmental and Contextual Factors
- Stable routines: Predictability in daily life reduces stress.
- Access to resources: Education, healthcare, and safe spaces.
- **Positive school climate:** Encouragement and recognition of strengths.
- Cultural identity and traditions: Sense of belonging and continuity.



#### Resilience: What do we mean?



#### WHAT RESILIENCE IS

- Definition of resilience –

   'Adapting and recovering from adversity, not being invulnerable or avoiding difficulties
- Seeking support
- Adaptability
- Emotional regulation

#### WHAT RESILIENCE ISN'T

- Never being emotionally affected by things happening around us
- Emotional suppression
- Constant strength



## What about children who have a learning disability?



- What do we know about children and young people who have a learning disability?
  - -Mental health
  - —Physical health
  - –Relationships
  - –Opportunities
  - –Society



#### "Risk factors" or areas of need



- Risk factors for mental health:
  - –Academic challenges
  - Social isolation, bullying
  - -Additional needs (such as health needs, or diagnoses)
  - –Family stress
- Communication Communication
- Diagnostic overshadowing



# Resilience and children and young people with learning disabilities

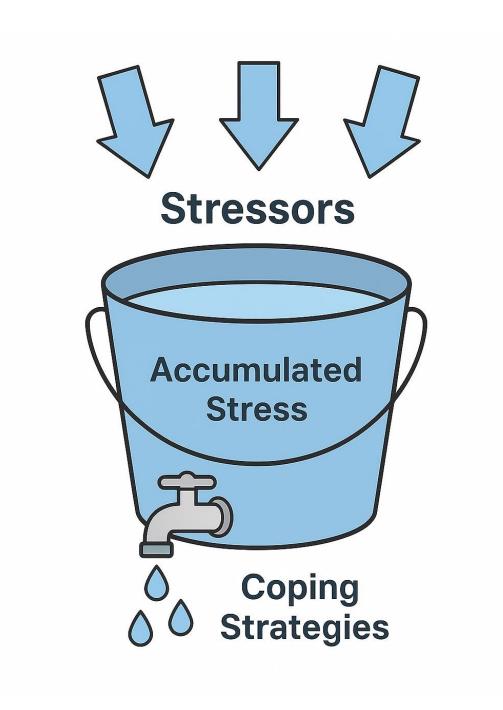


- This does not mean children and young people with learning disabilities are NOT resilient or are less resilient
- This does not mean that factors increasing or reducing resilience are "different"
- This does not mean that what we aim to do for all children and young people isnt important
- It does mean that we may need to do it differently and think about individual adjustments (such as communication, how, repetition, processing)

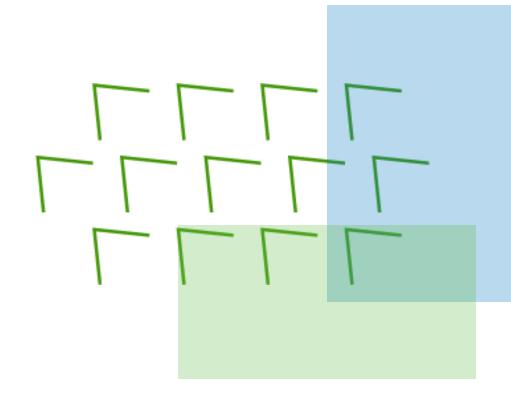


# Stress bucket











## "Protective factors" – for each young person?



### If we think about the key areas:

- Regulation and co regulation
- Positive outlook
- Self esteem- feeling proud, important and valued
- Identity
- Purpose and meaning
- Relationships family and all relationships
- Community

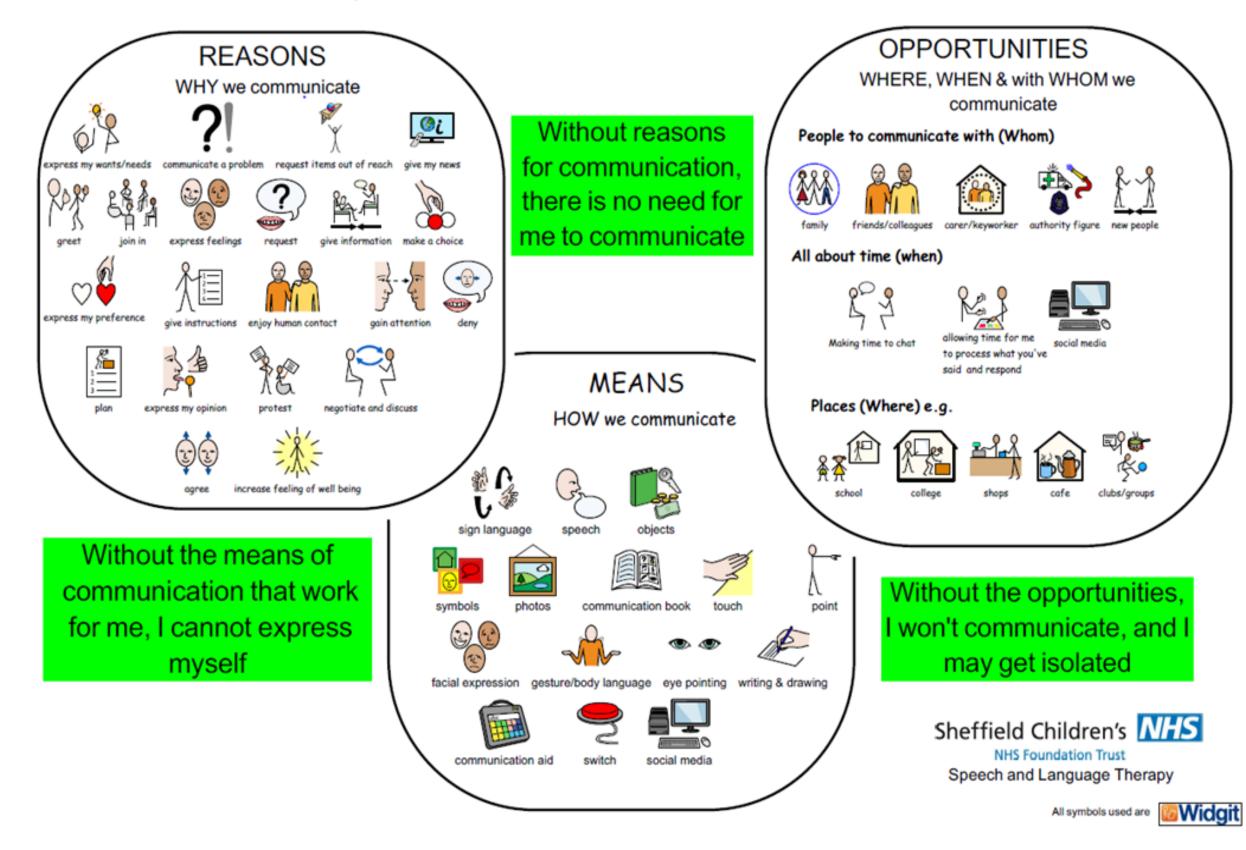
\*are some practical examples helpful?\*







Norfolk and Waveney



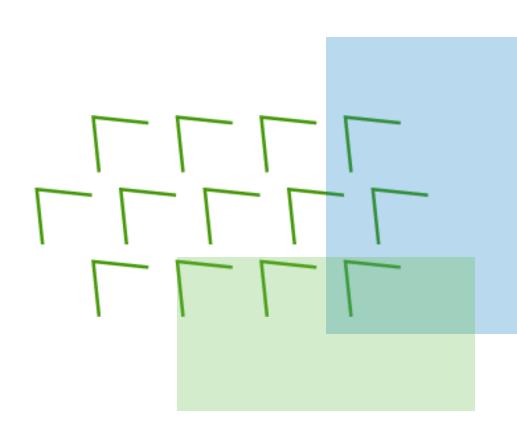


# Thank you



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